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STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO PUBLIC HEALTH.

DELAWARE.

Poliomyelitis—Notification of Cases—Entrance of Children into State. (Reg. Bd. of H., Aug. 9, 1916.)

The State Board of Health of Delaware hereby issues the following rules and regulations to remain in force until ordered discontinued by the secretary of this board:[1]

First. All rules and regulations governing contagious diseases shall be rigidly enforced.

Second. No child under 16 years of age coming from New York, New Jersey, or Pennsylvania shall enter the State of Delaware without having a certificate, or clean bill of health, so far as anterior poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis) is concerned. Said certificate must be issued by a constituted health official of the State or city or town or county from which said person comes, and said certificate must contain the full name, age, and residence of said person and the place of destination.

Third. Children under 16 years of age bearing certificates from health authorities certifying that they are from noninfected districts and free from infantile paralysis, and have not been in contact with infantile paralysis, and have not been in premises in which there is or has been a case of infantile paralysis during the present epidemic, shall be allowed entrance into the State without any further formalities.

Fourth. Children under 16 years of age whose certificates from health authorities show that they have been living in premises in which there is or has been a case of infantile paralysis during the present epidemic only when such certificates show that they have been under supervision of the health authorities for at least 14 days and have been regularly discharged, shall be allowed entrance in the State without any further formalities.

Fifth. Children under 16 years of age whose certificates show that they have come from stricken districts shall be allowed entrance into the State without any further formalities, after securing the local address in the stricken district, exact destination, the name of the householder at destination, and the name of the traveling companion, and if traveling by automobile the State and license number.

Sixth. Children 16 years of age and under whose certificates show that they have had the disease during the present epidemic shall be allowed entrance into the State without any further formalities only when such certificates show that they have been under quarantine supervision for at least 30 days and that they have been regularly discharged by the health authorities, and in every such case will secure the exact destination, the name of the householder at point of destination, and the names of the traveling companions, and if traveling by automobile the State and license number.

[1] These rules were discontinued Oct. 4, 1916.

Seventh. Stamp all satisfactory certificates "Pass," date, and sign your name.

Eighth. Persons who do not meet the requirements of these rules and regulations must be returned across the State line, taking the shortest way from the point at which they are held up, but they may be set at liberty outside of Delaware after having taken their names and addresses.

Ninth. If any person or persons should resist and attempt to come into Delaware against the above orders they shall be arrested. If an adult or adults who have charge of any children under 16 years of age, said adult or adults shall be taken, together with the children, before the nearest magistrate and make information against them for violation of chapter 25, article 1, section 738, of the Laws of Delaware.

Tenth. In case the magistrate should commit any such adult to the county jail, and there is no way for the children to be returned, communicate at once with the State board of health, who will make arrangements for the further disposition of said children.

Eleventh. Persons who have been temporarily at large hotels or apartment houses in which there is or has been a case of infantile paralysis will not be considered as having lived in premises in which there is or has been a case of infantile paralysis, unless in the opinion of the health authorities issuing the certificate they may have been actually exposed and such fact is specially noted on the certificate.

Twelfth. Any infantile-paralysis certificate issued by the State Board of Health of Delaware or a health official of Delaware shall be valid for returning to the State of Delaware for one day from the date of its issue. Such certificate is good for both leaving and returning to the State.

Thirteenth. Delaware physicians shall immediately notify the State Board of Health of Delaware by telephone (reverse) or telegraph (collect) of any case of anterior poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis) coming under their care or observation. Said notice must be followed by the regular postal-card report.

Fourteenth. The secretary of the State Board of Health of Delaware may, with the approval of the president of said board, issue further rules and regulations as may be further expedient or necessary to control and stamp out anterior poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis).

NEW YORK.

State Department of Health—Appropriations for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1917. (Ch. 646, Act May 20, 1916.)

SECTION 1. The several amounts named in this section, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to accomplish the purposes designated by the appropriations, are hereby appropriated and authorized to be paid as hereinafter provided, to the respective public officers and for the several purposes specified, which amounts shall be available for the year beginning on the 1st day of July, 1916, namely:

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH—EXCLUSIVE OF DIVISION OF LABORATORIES AND RESEARCH.

For payment for services of employees of the department of health, exclusive of the division of laboratories and research: